## UK Patent Application (19) GB (11) 2 063 249

- (21) Application No 8030906
- (22) Date of filing 25 Sep 1980
- (30) Priority data
- (31) 54/130434
- 55/124644
- (32) 9 Oct 1979 10 Sep 1980
- (33) Japan (JP)
- (43) Application published 3 Jun 1981
- (51) INT CL3 CO7D 237/32 A61K 31/50 C07D 237/34
- (52) Domestic classification C2C 1594 213 220 226 22Y 246 250 252 25Y 30Y 311 313 314 315 31Y 322 326 32Y 337 338 351 355 35Y 364 365 366 367 368 36Y 388 38Y 456 45Y 500 50Y 610 617 620 623 624 625 628 62Y 634 644 65X 660 662 665 666 667 668 669 670 672 680 682 688 694 697 699 69Y 774 775 802 80Y AA BE LH LL LS MB NB NF UL WE
- (56) Documents cited None
- (58) Field of search C2C
- (71) Applicants Mitsubishi Yuka Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 3-7, Ginza 8-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan
- (72) Inventors Eisaku Hayashi, Etsuo Oishi, Yasuhiro Morinaka, Motokuni Mori, Toshiji Kanayama
- (74) Agents Michael Burnside & Partners, 2 Serjeant's Inn. Fleet Street, London EC4Y 1HL

#### (54) 4-Phenylphthalazine derivatives

(57) 4-phenylphthalazine derivatives of formula (I), and represented by pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof have potent inhibitory activities against platelet aggregation

$$(R^{2})_{m}$$

$$(R^{2})_{n}$$

$$(R^{2})_{n}$$

$$(R^{2})_{n}$$

$$(R^{2})_{n}$$

wherein X is NH or O; R1, R2 and R3 are each alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyl, alkylcarbonyl group, hydroxyl, trifluoromethyl, and R1 can also be cyano, I, m and n are each 0, 1, 2 or 3 (provided that I = 1 to 3 and m = n = zero when X is 0, and the case where l = m = n = zero is excluded when X is NH).

25

[1] 40

5

10

15

40

#### 4-phonylphthalazine derivatives

This invention relates to a 4-phenylphthalazine derivative represented by the following formula [1] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

$$(\mathbb{R}^{3})_{n} = (\mathbb{R}^{1})_{n}$$

$$(\mathbb{R}^{3})_{n} = (\mathbb{R}^{1})_{n}$$

$$(\mathbb{R}^{3})_{n} = (\mathbb{R}^{1})_{n}$$

wherein X stands for NH or O; R¹ an alkyl group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, a halogen atom, an alkoxycarbonyl group having 2 to 6 total carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, an alkylcarbonyl group having 2 to 4 total carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group or a trifluoromethyl group; R² and R³, which may be identical or different (may also be the same as or different from R¹), each represent an alkyl group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, a halogen atom, an alkoxycarbonyl group having 2 to 6 total carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, an alkylcarbonyl group having 2 to 4 total carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group or a trifluoromethyl group; and each of 1, m and n is an integer of zero to 3 (provided that l=1 to 3 and m=n=zero when X is O, and the case where l=m=n=zero is excluded when X is NH), each plural number of R¹, R² and R³ being identical or different when the integers I, m and n are two or more,

and also to a process for producing the same.

As 4-phenylphthalazine derivatives analogous to those of the present invention, there have heretofore been known 1-anilino-4-phenylphthalazine (Ber., 38, 3923 (1905)], 1-phenoxy-420 phenylphthalazine [Journal of Pharmacology, 88, 83 (1968], 1-[2-(2-methylallyl)-phenoxy]-4-phenylphthalazine, 1-(2-allylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine [Chem. Pharm. Bull., 24, 1581—1595 (1976)]. These compounds are disclosed merely as intermediates and there is nothing done about uses thereof. The compounds 1-[2-(2-methylallyl)phenoxy]-4-phenylphthalazine and 1-(2-allylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine are liable to undergo ring-closure reaction or other undesirable reactions due to the presence of double bonds in the substituents, whereby structural changes are caused.

On the other hand, studies have been made about 1-alkylamino-4-phenylphthalazine derivatives, 1-alkoxy-4-phenylphthalazine derivative [J. Med.Chem. 12, 555 (1969)] and 1-(piperazine-1-yl)-4-phenylphthalazine derivative (Japanese Patent Publication 39944/1973) for their uses as antiinflammatory agents. However, there is no description about 1-anilino derivatives and 1-phenoxy

30 derivatives.

The present inventors have successfully synthesized the novel compounds represented by the above formula [I] which have not been described in literatures. They have further progressed their studies to find out that these compunds have potent inhibitory activity against platelet aggregation.

Thus, the compounds of the present invention are considered to be applicable for prevention or therapy of the diseases induced by increased platelet aggregation ability such as cerebral thrombosis, cerebral infarction, myocardial infarction and arteriosclerotic diseases. It is therefore the primary object of the present invention to provide a novel compound represented by the formula [I] having a potent inhibitory activity against platelet aggregation.

The compound according to the present invention is represented by the following formula [1]:

$$(\mathbb{R}^3)_n$$
  $(\mathbb{R}^1)_n$   $(\mathbb{R}^1)_{\mathfrak{g}}$ 

wherein all the symbols have the same meanings as defined above.

In the above formula [1], the alkyl group as represented by R¹, R² and R³ may be exemplified by methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, t-butyl and amyl. Typical examples of the alkoxy group are methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy and amyloxy. As a halogen atom, there may be mentioned fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine. The alkoxycarbonyl group may include, for example, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl, amyloxycarbonyl, etc. As the alkylcarbonyl group, there may be used acetyl, propionyl, butylyl or others.

In the compounds of the present invention, R<sup>1</sup> may preferably be an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, a halogen atom or a trifluoromethyl group. On the other hand, R<sup>2</sup> may preferably be an alkyl group, an alkoxy group or a halogen atom, while R<sup>3</sup> an alkyl group.

In the above formula [I], each of the integers represented by I, m and n may be variable from zero to 3. But there are some restrictions depending on the species of X. When X represents O (an oxygen atom), both m and n are required to be zero, while I may be variable from 1 to 3. On the other hand, when X represents NH group, the case where all of the integers are zero is excluded; in other words, there is at least one substituent on the aromatic nuclei. Thus, when X is NH, there are so many possible combinations in number of the substituents on the aromatic nuclei. Among them, the following four

(1) l=1 to 3, m=n=zero;

combinations are found to be particularly preferred:

- (2) l=1 to 2, m=1 to 2, n=zero;
- (3) l=1 to 2, m=zero, n=1 to 2; and
- (4) l=m=zero, n=1 to 2.

Also, when X is O, I is preferred to be 1 or 2, while m=n=0.

The compound represented by the formula [i] can also form a pharmaceutically acceptable salt through the reaction of the basic nitrogen thereof with an acid. For example, there may be mentioned salts with mineral acids such as hydrogen chloride, sulfuric acid, hydrobrobromic acid, phosphoric acid, etc. or methanesulfonic acid, toluenesulfonic acid, benzenesulfonic acid, acetic acid, glycolic acid, glucuronic acid, maleic acid, oxalic acid, ascorbic acid, citric acid, salicylic acid, and so on.

In the following, there are enumerated concrete examples of the compounds represented by the formula [1].

### 30 Compound No.

(30)

1-(3-Hydroxylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine

#### Name of Compound

30

6C

10

15

20

25

50	Comp	Name of Compound	
	(1)	1-(4-Methylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(2)	1(3-Methylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(3)	1-(2-Methylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
25	(4)	1-(4-Ethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
35	(5)	1-(2-Ethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	35
	(6)	1-(4-n-Butylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(7)	1-(3-n-Butylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(8)	1-(4-t-Butylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
40	(9)	1-(4-Methoxyanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
40	(10)	1-(3-Methoxyanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	4C
	(11)	1-(3-Propoxyanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(12)	1-(4-n-Butoxyanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	•
	(13)	1-(4-Fluoroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
45	(14)	1-(3-Fluoroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
45	(15)	1-(2-Fluoroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	45
	(16)	1-(4-Chloroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(17)	1-(3-Chloroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(18)	1-(2-Chloroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
F0	(19)	1-(4-Bromoanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
50	(20)	1-(3-Bromoanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	5C
	(21)	1-4-lodoanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(22)	1-(3-lodoanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(23)	1-(4-Ethoxycarbonylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(24)	1-(4-Carboxylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
55	(25)	1-(4-Cyanoanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	55
	(26)	1-(4-Acetylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(27)	1-(4-Trifluoromethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(28)	1-(3-Trifluoromethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(29)	1-(2-Trifluoromethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	

	C	oound No. Name of Compound		
	(31)	1-(2,3-Dimethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine 1-(2,4-Dimethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine		
	(32) (33)	1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	•	
	(34)	1-(3,4-Dimethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine		5
	(35)	1-(2,5-Diethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine		
	(36)	1-(2,5-Dipropylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	•	
	(37)	1-(2,5-Dimethoxyanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine		
	(38)	1-(3,4-Dimethoxyanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	4	
10	(39)	1-(2,5-Dichloroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	•	10
	(40)	1-(3,4-Dichloroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	•	
	(41) (42)	1-(2,5-Difluoroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine 1-(3-Chloro-4-methylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine		
	(43)	1-(2-Methyl-3-chloroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	•	
15	(44)	1-(2-Methyl-4-chioroanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	•	15
	(45)	1-(3-Methyl-4-chloranilino)-4-phenylphthalazine		
	(46)	1-(3-Fluoro-4-methylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine		
	(47)	1-(2-Methoxy-5-methylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine		
	(48)	1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine		20
20	(49)	1-(2-Methyl-5-trifluoromethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine	4	LU
	(50)	1-(2-Methoxy-5-trifluoromethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine 1-(2,4,6-Trimethylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine		
	(51) (52)	1-(3,4,5-Trimethy)aniilho)-4-pheny)phthalazine		
	(53)	1-Anilino-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	•	
25	(54)	1-(4-Methylanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	7	25
	(55)	1-(4-Butylaniling)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine		
	(56)	1-(2.5-Dimethylanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine		
	(57)	1-(3-Methoxyanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine		
	(58)	1-(4-Butoxyanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	•	30
30	• •	1-(2,5-Dimethoxyanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine 1-(3-Chloroanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine		•
	(60) (61)	1-(3-Bromosnilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	• •	
	(62)	1-(3-Fluoroanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine		
	(63)	4-(4-Methylphenyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethylanillono)phthalazine	•	
35		1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazin	е :	35
	(65)	1-(3-Chloro-4-methylanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine		
	(66)	1-(4-Ethoxycarbonylanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine		
	(67)	1-Anilino-4-(4-butylphenyl)phthalazine		
40	(68)	4-(4-Butylphenyl)-1-(2,5-dimethylanllino)phthalazine 4-(4-Butylphenyl)-1-(2,5-dimethoxyanllino)phthalazine		40
40	(69) (70)	4-(4-Butylphenyl)-1-(3-chloroanilino)phthalazine		
	(71)	4-(4-Butylphenyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethylanilino)phthalazine		
	(72)	4-(4-Butylphenyl)-1-(5-chloro-2-methoxyanilino)phthalazine		
	(73)	1-Anilino-4-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)phthalazine		45
45	• • • •		•	45
	(75)	1-(4-Butylanilino)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)phthalazine		
	(76)			
	(77) (78)			
50				50
30	(8)	1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)phthalazir	18	
	(81)			
	(82)	1-Anilino-4-(4-butoxyphenyl)phthalazine		
	(83)	4-(4-Butoxyphenyl)-1-(2,5-dimethylanilino)phthalazine		65
55		4-(4-Butoxyphenyl)-1-(2,5-dimethoxyanilino)phthalazine	;	55
	(85)	4-(4-Butoxyphenyl)-1-(3-chloroanilino)phthalazine		
	(86)		e	
	(87)		-	
60	(88) (89)			60
JU	(90)	1-(2.5-Dimethoxyanilino)-4-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)phthalazin	e	
	(91)	1-(3-Chlorogniling)-4-(2.4-dimethoxyphenyl)phthalazine		
	(92)	4-(2 4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethylanilino)-phthala	azine	
	(93)		halazine	
		·		

	(94)	1-Anilino-4-(4-chlorophenyl)phthalazine	
	(95)	4-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(2,5-dimethylanilino)phthalazine	•
		4-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(2,5-dimethoxyanilino)phthalazine	
_	(97)	1-(3-Chloroanilino)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-phthalazine	5
5	(98)	4-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethylanilino)phthalazine	ū
	(99)	1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)phthalazine	
	(100)	1-Anilino-4-(4-bromophenyl)phthalazine	•
	(101)	1-Anilino-4-(4-fluorophenyl)phthalazine 1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)phthalazine	
10	(102) (103)	1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)phthalazine	10
••	(104)	1-(3-Chloroanilino)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)phthalazine	
	(105)	4-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethylanilino)phthalazine	
	(106)	1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)phthalazine	
	(107)	1-Anilino-4-(4-ethoxycarbonylphenyl)phthalazine	
15	(108)	1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-4-(4-ethoxycarbonylphenyl)phthalazine	15
	(109)	1-(2,5-Dimethoxyanilino)-4-(4-ethoxycarbonylphenyl)phthalazine	
	(110)	1-(3-Chloroanilino)-4-(4-ethoxycarbonylphenyl)phthalazine	
	(111)	4-(4-Ethoxycarbonylphenyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethylanilino)phthalazine	•
20	(112)	1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-4-(4-ethoxycarbonylphenyl)phthalazine	. 20
20	(113)	1-Anilino-6-methyl-4-phenylphthalazine	,
	(114)	1-Anilino-7-methyl-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(115)	1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-6-methyl-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(116) (117)	1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-7-methyl-4-phenylphthalazine 1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-6-methyl-4-phenylphthalazine	
25	(118)	1-(2,5-Dimethyranilino)-6-methyl-4-phenylphthalazine	25
	(119)	1-(3-Chloroanilino)-6-methyl-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(120)	1-(3-Chloroanilino)-7-methyl-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(121)	6-Methyl-4-phenyl-1-(3-trifluoromethylanilino)phthalazine	
	(122)		
30	(123)	1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-6-methyl-4-phenylphthalazine	30
	(124)		
	(125)		
	(126)		
	(127)	1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-6,7-dimethyl-4-phenylphthalazine	35
35	(128)		33
	(129)		
	(130)		•
	(131)		
40	(132)	1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-6,7-dimethyl-4-phenylphthalazine	40
40	(133)		
	(134) (135)		
	(136)		
	(137)		
45	(138)	1-Anilino-6,7-dimethoxy-4-phenylphthelazine	45
	(139)		
	(140		
	(141		
	(142)	6,7-Dimethoxy-4-phenyl-1-(3-trifluoromethylanilino)phthalazine	50
50	(143	1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-6,7-dimethoxy-4-phenylphthalazine	50
	(144	1-(4-Butylanilino)-6,7-dimethoxy-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(145		
	(146		
	(147		55
ວວົ	(148		
	(149		
	(150		
	(151		
60	(152		60
00	(153		
	(154		
	(155 (156		
	(157		
65	(158		65

	•		
	(159)	6,7-Dimethyl-1-(3-methoxyanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	
	(160)	1-(2.5-Dimethoxyanilino)-6.7-dimethyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)-phthalazine	
	(161)	1-/3-Chlorognilino)-6.7-dimethyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	•
•	(162)	6,7-Dimethyl-4-(methylphenyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethylanilino)phthalazine	5
	(163)	1-(4-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-6,7-dimethyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	
•	(164)	6,7-Dimethyl-1-(4-ethoxycarbonylanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	
•	(165)	1-Anilino-4-(4-butylphenyl)-6,7-dimethylphthalazine	
	(166)	1-Anilino-6,7-dimethyl-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)phthalazine	
	(167)	6,7-Dimethyl-1-(2,5-dimethylanilino)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)phthalazine	10
10	(168)	1-(2,5-Dimethoxyanilino)-6,7-dimethyl-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)phthalazine	
	(169)	1-(3-Chloroanilino)-6,7-dimethyl-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)phthalazine	•
	(170)	6,7-Dimethyl-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethylanllino)phthalazine 1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-6,7-dimethyl-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)phthalazine	
	(171)	1-Anilino-4-(4-butoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethylphthalazine	
15	(172)	1-Anilino-4-(4-butoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethylphthalazine	15
15	(173) (174)	1-Anilino-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-6,7-dimethylphthalazine	
	(175)	1-(3-Chloroanilino)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-6,7-dimethylphthalazine	
	(176)	1-(3-Chloro-4-methylanilino)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-6,7-dimethylphthalazine	
	(177)	1-Anilino-6,7-dimethyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)phthalazine	. 20
20	(178)	1-Anilino-6,7-dimethyl-4-(4-ethoxycarbonylphenyl)phthalazine	. 20
	(179)	1-Apiling-6.7-dimethoxy-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	
	(180)	6.7-Dimethoxy-1-(2.5-dimethylanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	•
	(181)	6.7-Dimethoxy-1-(2.5-dimethoxyanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	
	(182)	1-(3-Chloroanilino)-6.7-dimethoxy-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	25
25	(183)	1-Anilino-4-(4-butylphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyphthalazine	
	(184)	1-Anilino-6,7-dimethoxy-4-(4-methoxyphenyi)phthalazine	
	(185)	1-Anilino-6,7-dimethoxy-4-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)phthalazine	
	(186)	1-Anilino-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyphthelazine	
	(187)	1-Anilino-6,7-dimethoxy-4-(4-fluorophenyl)phthalazine 1-Anilino-6,7-dimethoxy-4-(4-ethoxycarbonylphenyl)phthalazine	30
30	(188)	1-Anilino-6,7-dimethoxy-4-14-ethoxycarbonyrphenyrphiladaline 1-Anilino-6,7-dichloro-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine	
	(189)	1-Anilino-6,7-dichloro-4-4-metry/phony/)phonoisand 1-Anilino-4-(4-butylphenyl)-6,7-dichlorophthalazine	
	(190)	1-Anilino-6,7-dichloro-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)phthalazine	
	(191) (192)	1-Anilino-4-(4-butoxyphenyl)-6,7-dichlorophthalazine	35
35		1-Anilino-6,7-dichloro-4-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)phthalazine	33
•	(194)	1-Aniling-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-6,7-dichlorophthalazine	•
	(195)	1_Aniling-6.7-dichloro-4-(4-fluorophenyl)phthalazine	
	(196)	1-Anilino-6.7-dichloro-4-(4-ethoxycarbonylphenyl)phthalazine	
	(197)	1-Aniling-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)phthalazine	• 40
40		4-(4-Carboxyphenyl)-1-(2,5-dimethylanllino)phthalazine	
	(199)	4-(4-Carboxyphenyl)-1-(2,5-dimethoxyanilino)phthalazine	
	(200)	4-(4-Carboxyphenyl)-1-(3chloroanllino)phthalazine	
	(201)	4-(4-Carboxyphenyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethylanilino)phthalazine	12
	(202)	4-(4-Carboxyphenyl)-1-(5-chloro-2-methoxyanllino)phthalazine	45
45	,	1-Anilino-4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)phthalazine	
	(204)	1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)phthalazine 1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)phthalazine	
	(205)	1-(2,5-Dimethylanilino)-4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)phthalazine	
	(206)	4-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethylanilino)phthalazine	50
50	(207)	1-(5-Chloro-2-methoxyanilino)-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)phthalazine	30
50	(208) (209)		
	(210)		
	(211)		
	(212)		55
55			
	(214)	1-(4-Ethylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(215)	1-(2-Ethylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(216)	1-(4-n-Butylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(217)	1-(3-Butylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	60
60		1_(4_t-Butylohenoxy)-4-phenylohthalazine	
	(219)	1-(4-Methoxyphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(220)	1-(3-Methoxyphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(221)		
	(222)		65
65	(223)	1-(4-Fluorophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	

50

	(224)	1-(3-Fluorophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(225)	1-(4-Chlorophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(226)	1-(3-Chlorophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(227)	1-(2-Chlorophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	5 *
5	(228)	1-(4-Bromophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(229)	1-(3-Bromophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(230)	1-(3-lodophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(231)	1-(4-Ethoxycarbonylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(232)	1-(4-Carboxyphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	10
10	(233)	1-(4-Cyanophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(234)	1-(4-Acetylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(235)	1-(4-Trifluoromethylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(236)	1-(3-Trifluoromethylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(237)	1-(3-Hydroxyphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	15.
15.	(238)	1-(2,3-Dimethylphenoxy)-4-phenyiphthalazine	
	(239)	1-(2,5-Dimethylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(240)	1-(2,5-Diethylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(241)	1-(2,5-Dipropylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(242)	1-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	20
20	(243)	1-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenoxy)-4-phenyiphthalazine	
	(244)	1-(2,5-Dichlorophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(245)	1-(2,6-Dichlorophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(246)	1-(2,5-Difluorophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(247)	1-(3-Chloro-4-methylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	25
25	(248)	1-(3-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(249)	1-(3-Fluoro-4-methylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(250)	1-(2-Methoxy-4-chlorophenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	
	(251)	1-(2-Methoxy-5-methylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazinee	
	(252)	1-(2-Methyl-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	30
30	(253)	1-(2,4,6-Trimethylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine	

#### Process for preparation of the compound (I)

The compound represented by the formula [I] can be prepared according to any suitable process, which is not particularly limited. Preferably, however, the compound (I) can be synthesized by the following reaction route:

$$(\mathbb{R}^{2})_{m} \qquad \times \cdot \longrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^{1})_{\ell} \qquad (\mathbb{R}^{2})_{m}$$

$$(\mathbb{R}^{3})_{n} \longrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^{3})_{n} \longrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^{3})_{n} \longrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^{1})_{\ell} \qquad (\mathbb{R}^{1})_{\ell}$$

$$(\mathbb{R}^{2})_{m} \qquad (\mathbb{R}^{3})_{n} \longrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^{3})_{n} \longrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^{3})_{n} \longrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^{1})_{\ell}$$

In the above formulae, X' represents —NH<sub>2</sub> or OH; Y a halogen atom (e.g., chlorine, bromine or iodine), a group of the formula: —S(O)<sub>p</sub>—R<sup>4</sup> (p=0—2, R<sup>4</sup> is a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, phenyl or a substituted phenyl) or a group of the formula: —OR<sup>5</sup> (R<sup>5</sup> is a  $C_{1-5}$  alkyk, phenyl or a substituted phenyl); and all of the other symbols have the same meanings as defined above.

According to this process, the starting compound represented by the formula (II), namely 1-chloro-40-4-phenylphthalazine or its derivative, is allowed to react with a benzene derivative represented by the formula (III), in either the presence or absence of a solvent, preferably in the presence of a catalyst, to prepare a 4-phenylphthalazine derivative represented by the formula [I].

The starting materials, i.e., 1-choloro-4-phenylphthalazine [II] or derivatives thereof were synthesized according to the method as described in Journal of Pharmacology 86, 576 (1966) or the methods similar thereto.

As the benzene derivative [III] to be reacted with the compound (II) as mentioned above, there may be employed suitable substituted anilines or substituted phenois.

The reaction temperature may be in the range from -20 to 250°C., preferably from -10 to 180°C. The reaction time may be from 5 minutes to 24 hours, preferably from 10 minutes to 10 hours.

When a catalyst is to be employed, there may be used an organic base such as ammonia, triethylamine, piperidine or pyridine, or an inorganic base such as sodium carbonate, potassium

10

15

20

25

carbonate, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, sodium hydride or sodium amide may be added at a molar ratio relative to the compound (II) in the range from 0.5 to 5, preferably from 1 to 3. Alternatively, it is also possible to use a metal such as copper, magnesium, cadmium, sodium or potassium, at a molar ratio relative to the compound (II) in the range from 0.001 to 2, preferably from 0.01 to 1.5.

When a solvent is to be employed, there may be used a solvent selected from ethers such as ethyl ether, tetrahydrofuran, and dioxane; halogenated alkanes such as chloroform, methylene chloride, etc.; alcohols such as methanol, ethanol, etc.; aromatic hydrocarbons such as benzene, toluene, xylene, etc.; amides such as demethylformamide, dimethylacetamide, etc.; and dimethylsulfoxide; and so on.

The compound (III) may be used in an amount of 0.5 to 30 moles, preferably 1 to 20 moles, per

10 mole of the compound (II).

After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture may be poured into a large excess of water or dissolved as such in a solvent such as chloroform to be neutralized therein. If desired, the precipitated crystals may be collected by filtration after concentration, or alternatively the product may be extracted with a suitable solvent such as chloroform when there is no precipitation, followed by recrystallization or

15 chromatography according to conventional procedures.

The present invention is further illustrated by the following Examples, by which the present invention is not limited.

#### **EXAMPLE 1**

Synthesis of 1-(4-methylanilino)-4-phenylphthalazine (Compound No. 1)

To 2.41 g of 1-chloro-4-phenylphthalazine, there were added 5.35 g of p-toluidine and 70 mg of copper powders. The mixture was then subjected to stirring under heating for one hour while maintaining the reaction temperature at 100°C. After the reaction mixture was left to cool, a large excess of chloroform was added thereto. The resultant insolubles were filtered off and the filtrate was washed with a 5% aqueous sodium hydroxide and then with water. The organic layer was dried and concentrated, and the residue was recrystallized from ethanol to give 910 mg (yield: 29%) of pale yellow crystals.

m.p.: 185—186°C.

1630 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 1510 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 1410 cm<sup>-1</sup>

i.R.: 1630 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 1 M.S.: 310 (M<sup>+</sup>—1)

30 EXAMPLES 2-30

The compounds as shown in Table 1 were synthesized according to the methods similar to Example 1.

30

TABLE 1

	·				
Example	Compound No.	m.p./°C	I R/cm <sup>1</sup>	M.S.	
2	(2)	202 🕶 203	3270, 1575, 1520 1410, 790	310 (M <sup>±</sup> 1)	
3	(3)	188	3200, 1500, 1400 1200, 755	311 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 296	
4	(4)	206 ~ 207	2990, 1625, 1520 1420, 780	324 (M±1)	
5	(6)	189 ~ 190	2860, 1620, 1520 1420, 780	353 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 310	
6	(9)	206 ~ 207.5	2950, 1640, 1510 1420, 1240, 785	327 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 312	
7	(10)	196	3000, 1610, 1500 1400, 1155, 780	326 (M <sup>±</sup> 1)	
B (12)		168.5 ~ 169	2950, 1620, 1505 1410, 1240, 790	369 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 312	
9 (13)		206 ~ 207	3050, 1620, 1520 1410, 1220, 780	314 (M <sup>±</sup> 1)	
10	(14)	239 ~ 240	3280, 1620, 1520 1400, 1140, 790	314 (M <sup>±</sup> 1)	
11	(16)	193 ~ 194	1620, 1580, 1500 1400, 820, 770	330 } (M <sup>+</sup> )	
12	(17)	191 ~ 194	1600, 1510, 1420 1390, 770	330 } (M <sup>+</sup> )	
13	(18)	170 ~ 171.5	3440, 1600, 1520 1400, 1040, 760	.832 } (M <sup>+</sup> )	
14	(19)	219 ~ 222	3000, 1625, 1510 1400, 820, 760	376 374 } (M <sup>+</sup> 1)	
15	(23)	236 ~ 237.5	3000; 1720, 1615 1520, 1410, 1280	369 368 (M <sup>+</sup> )	
16	(25)	240 ~ 242.5	3360, 2210. 1610 1510, 1410, 790	321 (M±1)	
17	(26)	247 ~ 248.5	3400, 1680, 1600 1520, 1400, 1280	. 338 (M±1)	
18	(28)	174 ~ 175.5	3040, 1630, 1520 1410, 1340, 1100	364 (M±1)	

TABLE 1 (Continued)

Example	Compound No.	m.p./°C	IR/cm <sup>1</sup>	M.S.	
19	(31)	240 ~ 242	3200, 1520, 1415 790, 770	325 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 310	
20	(32)	206.5 ~ 207.5	3400, 1500, 1400 810, 780	325 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 310	
21	(33)	202 ~ 203.5	3200, 1500, 1400 810, 780	325 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 310	
22	(34)	204 ~ 204.5	3200, 1510, 1420 <sup>-</sup> 790, 770	324 (M±1)	
23 (37)		215 ~ 216	3440, 1610, 1520 1430, 790	357 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 326	
24 (43)		217	1590, 1510, 1410 780, 700	347 345 <sup>3</sup> (M <sup>+</sup> )	
25	(44)	232 ~ 232,5	3400, 1490, 1400 820, 780, 700	347 345 (M <sup>+</sup> )	
26	(42)	171 ~ 172	3000, 1610, 1500 1400, 775, 700	346 344 } (M±1)	
27	(47)	129 ~132	3450, 1530, 1430 1230, 790, 710	341 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 310	
28	(48)	74.5 <b>~</b> 75	1600, 1500, 1420 1220, 790, 780	364 362 }(M <sup>+</sup> )	
29	(51)	200 ~ 202.5	3200, 1500, 1400 780, 700	339 (M <sup>+</sup> )	
30	(24)	250<	3360, 1680, 1600 1520, 1410, 780	340 (M <sup>±</sup> 1)	

#### **EXAMPLE 31**

Synthesis of 1-(2-methylphenoxy)-4-phenylphthalazine (Compound No. 213)

To 1.20 g of 1-chloro-4-phenylphthalazine, there were added 5.40 g of o-cresol and 360 mg of potassium hydroxide. The resultant mixture was subjected to stirring under heating for 2 hours, while maintaining the reaction temperature at 100°C. After the reaction mixture was poured into 12 ml of an aqueous solution having 3.6 g of potassium hydroxide dissolved therein, the crystals precipitated were recovered by filtration. The crude crystals were dissolved in chloroform, washed with water, dried and 10 concentrated. Thea residue was recrystallized from ethanol-n-hexane to give 725 mg (yield: 46%) of white crystals.

5

10

m.p.:

136.5-137.5°C.

I.R.:

1490 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 1385 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 1230 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 1190 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 790 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 750 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

M.S.:

312 (M+)

15

#### EXAMPLES 32-44

15

According to procedures similar to that as described in Example 31, there were synthesized the compounds as shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2

Example	Compound No.	m.p./°C	I R/cm <sup>1</sup>	M.S.	
32	(212)	148 ~ 150 .	1490, 1390, 1250 1165, 800, 770	312 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 295	
33	(214)	171.5 ~ 172	1510, 1385, 1210 850, 770, 700	326 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 311	
34	(218)	211 ~ 212.5	2970, 1500, 1390 1230, 790	354 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 339	
35	(219)	163 ~ 164	1510, 1390, 1205 1030, 850, 700	328 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 121	
36	(227)	171 ~ 172	1550, 1480, 1380 1230, 790, 780	331 297 (M±1)	
37 (228)		179 ~ 180	1490, 1380, 1220 1010, 790	376 }(M <sup>+</sup> ) 378	
38 (234)		139 ~ 141.5	1700, 1600, 1380 1220, 850, 800	340 325 (M <sup>+</sup> )	
39	(236)	119 ~ 121	1450, 1385, 1330 1170, 1120, 900	366 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 365	
40	(226)	149 ~ 149.5	1595, 1380, 1220 890, 795, 700	332 }(M <sup>+</sup> ) 334	
41	(239)	153 ~ 155	1570, 1385, 1250 1120, 770	326 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 309	
42	(248)	155.5 ~ 156	1480, 1390, 1240 1170, 1050, 790	346 }(M <sup>+</sup> )	
43	(244)	175.5 ~ 176.5	1580, 1470, 1365 1220, 1090, 770	365 (M <sup>±</sup> 1) 331	
44 (245)		210 ~ 210,5	1450, 1380, 1360 1240, 770	366 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 331	

#### **EXAMPLE 45**

Synthesis of 1-(3-chloroanilino)-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine (Compound No. 60)

To 172 mg of 1-chloro-4-(4-methylphenyl)phthalazine, there was added 319 mg of m-5 chloroaniline, and the resultant mixture was heated at 100°C with stirring for one hour. After the reaction mixture was left to cool to room temperature, a large excess of chloroform was added thereto, followed by washing with a 5% aqueous sodium hydroxide and then with water. The organic layer was dried and subjected to concentration. The residue was recrystallized from ethanol to give 145 mg (yield: 62%) of pale yellow crystals.

10

15

m.p.; 211.5-212°C.

595 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 1510 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 1475 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 1405 cm<sup>-1</sup>, 770 cm<sup>-1</sup>. I.R.:

M.S.: 345 (M+), 343 (M+), 344.

#### **EXAMPLES 46-109**

10

5

were prepared according to the procedures similarly as described in Example 45.

က	
ш	
コ	
Ö	
<	
_	

MS	379 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 378	339 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 324	371 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 340	377 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 375 (M <sup>†</sup> )	363 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 361 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 360	395 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 394	355 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 340	387 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 356	393 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 391 (M <sup>+</sup> )	367 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 365 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 384
				37	38 88		35		38	8 8 8
I.R./cm <sup>-1</sup>	3240, 1595, 1510 1400, 1330, 1160	3200, 1610, 1490 1405, 1020	3435, 1600, 1510 1420, 1200; 1035	3430, 1595, 1510 1420, 1240, 1010	1600, 1480, 1400 1250; 770	3230, 1610, 1515 1405, 1335, 1250	1610, 1490, 1400 1250, 1175	3435, 1610, 1515 1250, 1020	3435, 1600, 1515 1420; 1250, 1020	1600, 1480; 1410 1080, 780
1.R.	3240, 15 1400, 13	3200, 16 1405, 10	3435, 16 1420, 12	3430, 15 1420, 12	1600, 14 1250; 77	3230, 16 1405, 13	1610, 14 1250, 11	3435, 16 1250, 10	3435, 16 1420; 12	1600, 14 1080, 78
D./.d.m	179–180	184185	192,5–193	197–197.5	227228	228-229	179–180	185186	206–207	222–223
ğ.	I	I	Ι	I	I	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι
č.	4-CH,	4-CH,	4∸CH3	4∸CH,	4-0CH,	4-0CH,	4∸0cH,	4-0CH,	4-och	4-CI
īc.	3-CF,	2-CH <sub>3</sub> , 5-CH <sub>3</sub>	2-och, 5-och,	2-0CH <sub>3</sub> ,	10-6	3-CF,	2-CH <sub>3</sub> , 5-CH <sub>3</sub>	2-0CH, 5-0CH,	2-0CH,, 4-CI	3-CI
Compound No.	(63)	(26)	(65)	(84)	(78)	(78)	(92)	(77)	(80)	(26)
Example	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	63	54	55

TABLE 3 (Continued)

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			····		<b>,</b>		·
MS	401 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 399 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 398	361 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 359 (M <sup>†</sup> ) 344	393 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 391 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 360	397 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 395 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 364	389(M <sup>+</sup> ) 387 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 386	421 (M <sup>‡)</sup> 420	381 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 366	413 (M+) 382	419 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 417 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 396
I.R./cm²¹	3270, 1605, 1450 1415, 1340, 1120	1580, 1500, 1410 1090, 835	3440, 1600, 1510 1430, 1220, 1045	3420; 1600, 1410 1420, 1250	2920, 1600; 1410. 900, 770	2920, 1610, 1410 1330, 1170, 1120	2920, 1610, 1490 1400, 805, 775	2920, 1610, 1520 1430, 1205, 785	3440, 2920, 1595 1510, 1420, 1250
m.p./ •C	180–181	196–197	190–192	200–201	183194	164–167	169,5-171	159,5—160	173.5–174.5
ţ.	Ξ	Ι	I	τ.	н	Η	Н	н	Ι
g.	104	10-4 10-4	4-CI	4-CI	4±C₄H,	4—C,H,	4-C,H.	4-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	4-C <sub>4</sub> H,
ž	3-CF,	2-CH,, 5-CH,	2-0CH <sub>3</sub> , 5-0CH <sub>3</sub>	2-0CH <sub>3</sub> ,	3-cı	3-CF,	2-CH, 5-CH,	2-0CH <sub>3</sub> , 5-0CH <sub>3</sub>	2-0CH,, 5-CI
Compound No.	(86)	(96)	(96)	(66)	(02)	(12)	(89)	(69)	(72)
Example	88	22	58	59	09	19	62	83	64

TABLE 3 (Continued)

							*			
MS	405 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 403 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 402	437 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 438	397 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 382	429 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 398	435 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 433 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 402	351 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 349 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 348	383 (M <sup>.‡</sup> ) 382	343 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 328	375 (M+) 344	381 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 379 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 348
1.R./cm²¹	2950, 1600, 1515 1420, 1250, 770	2950, 1610, 1510 1400, 1330, 1110	2950, 1610, 1500 1400, 1250	3440, 2950, 1605 1505, 1240	3420, 2950, 1600 1510, 1410, 1250	1600, 1515, 1420 1220, 1150, 775	1610, 1520; 1420 1335, 1120, 800	1600, 1500; 1415 1225	3445, 1600, 1510 1430, 1210, 1020	3445, 1600, 1515 1430, 1240, 1015
m.p./*C	184.5–185.5	183–184	156.5–158	163-163.5	181,5–182,5	228.5–229.5	205-206.5	188,5189,5	176–177	216-217
ŗ.	I	I	I	r	Ι	I	r	I	Ι	Ι
ğ	4-0C,H,	4-0C <sub>4</sub> H,	4-0C,H,	4-0C <sub>4</sub> H,	4-0C,H,	- <del>1</del>	4 ∓	4- F	4-F	4-F
ı,	3-c1	3-CF,	2-CH, 5-CH,	2-och,, 5-och,	2-0CH, 5-CI	3-6	3-CF,	2-CH 5-CH	2-0CH, 5-0CH,	2-0CH, 5-CI
Сощроилд	(85)	(88)	(83)	(84)	(87)	(104)	(105)	(102)	(103)	(106)
Example	65	99	29	89	69	70	٤	72	73	74

TABLE 3 (Continued)

									<del></del>	<del></del>
MS	393 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 391 (M <sup>+</sup> )	425 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 394	385 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 370	417 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 386	392 (M-1) 390 (M-1)	405 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 403 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 402	437 (M <sup>#</sup> ) 436	397 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 382	429 (M <sup>‡</sup> ) 398	435 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 433 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 402
1.R./cm <sup>-1</sup>	1600, 1485, 1400 1215, 1160, 775	1620, 1500, 1400 1340, 1215, 1110	1615, 1505, 1410 1215, 1160, 1040	3440, 1615, 1515 1210, 1030	3450, 1600, 1510 <sup>-</sup> 1420, 1210, 1030	1710, 1590, 1500 1410, 1270, 770	1710, 1625, 1495 1400, 1330, 1270	3300, 1710, 1480 1400, 1270, 1100	3440, 1725, 1600 1560, 1270, 1090	3435, 1725, 1600 1510, 1420, 1270
m.p./*C	200-201.5	213–214	220–221,5	177-177.5	203.5–205	173–174	215,5-216,5	201.5–202.5	198–199,5	208–207.5
å	I	Ι	Ι	I	I	Ι	I	Ι	I	T
, č	2-0CH, 4-0CH,	2-00H,	2-0CH, 4-0CH,	2-0CH, 4-0CH,	2-0CH <sub>3</sub> , 4-0CH <sub>3</sub>	4∸COOEt	4∸COOEt	4-cooet	4-cooet	4-COOEt
ī.	3-61	3-CF,	2-CH, 5-CH,	2-0CH, 5-0CH,	2-0CH,, 5-CI	3-CI	3-CF,	2-CH, 5-CH,	2-0CH, 5-0CH,	2-0CH,, 5-CI
Compound No.	(94)	(92)	(68)	(08)	(63)	(110)	(111)	(108)	(109)	(112)
Example	75	78	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84

TABLE 3 (Continued)

			<del>- 1</del>							
MS	347 (M+) 345 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 344	379 (M+) 378	339 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 324	371 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 340	377 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 376 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 344	325 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 324	361 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 359 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 358	393 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 392	353 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 338	385 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 354
I.R./cm-1	1590, 1475, 1400 1250, 770	1600, 1440, 1400 1330, 1150, 1110	1620, 1500, 1410 800	3430, 1600, 1520 1450, 1210, 1035	3430, 1600, 1510 1420, 1240, 1210	1605, 1500, 1410 750	1605, 1500, 1400 775, 785	1615, 1570, 1445 1420, 1330, 1170	1600, 1575, 1440 810, 770	3450, 1610, 1520 1400, 1220, 1010
m.p./•C	221223	221–222,5	164∸168	192–193	148–147.5	238–239	243,5–244,5	255–256	153,5-156	232–233
îc	8-CH, mix	6-CH, 7 mix.	8-CH <sub>3</sub> } mix.	6-CH, mix.	6-CH <sub>5</sub> } mix.	6-CH <sub>3</sub> , 7-CH <sub>3</sub>	8-64, 72-04,	8-CH <sub>3</sub> , 7-CH <sub>3</sub>	8-CH.	8-CH <sub>3</sub> , 7-CH <sub>3</sub>
i c	ı I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
ī	3-6	3-CF,	2-CH, 5-CH,	2-OCH, 5-OCH,	2-0CH, 5-CI	I	3-CI	3-CF,	2-CH, 5-CH,	2-och,, 5-och,
Compound	No. (119) (120)	(121)	(115)	(117)	(123)	(125)	(130)	(131)	(127)	(128)
	Example 85	98	. 87	88	68	06	16	92	93	94

TABLE 3 (Continued)

					<b></b>					
MS	391 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 389 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 358	357 (M <sup>+</sup> )	393 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 391 390	425 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 424	385 (M+) 370	417 (M+) 386	423 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 421 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 390	413 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 412	429 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 372	403 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 402 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 401 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 400
1.R./cm-1	3450, 1600, 1520 1425, 1250, 1020	1620, 1500; 1410 <sup>-</sup> 1220, 1100, 750	1620, 1600, 1520 1410, 1220, 775	1610, 1510, 1400 1330, 1155, 1115	1610, 1510, 1410, 1250, 1210	3440, 1610, 1510 1410, 1215, 1080	3440, 1610, 1590 1510, 1410, 1240	2920, 1615, 1495 1405, 1240, 1090	2940, 1615, 1500 1405, 1220, 825	1600; 1480, 1405 1090; 890, 760
D•/•@ш	237238	205.5-207	199,5-204	223–226	192–193.5	158–158	211.5–213	187.5–189	183,5—186	248–250
, Et	6-CH.,	8-0CH, 7-CCH,	8-0CH;, 7-0CH,	8-0CH <sub>3</sub> , 7-0CH <sub>3</sub>	8-0CH <sub>3</sub> , 7-0CH <sub>3</sub>	6-0CH, 7-0CH,	6-0CH, 7-0CH,	6-0CH <sub>1</sub> , 7-0CH <sub>1</sub> ,	8-0CH, 7-0CH,	6-CI, 7-CI
, č	ź	I	I	I	Ŧ	I	Ι	I	H	I
18	2-0CH <sub>3</sub> , 5-Cl	I	3-c1	3-CF,	2-CH <sub>3</sub> , 5-CH <sub>3</sub>	2-OCH, 5-OCH,	2-0CH,, 5-CI	4-C,H,	4-0C,H,	3-61
Compound No.	(132)	(138)	(141)	(142)	(139)	(140)	(143)	(144)	(145)	(151)
Example	98	8	87	86	66	100	101	102	103	104

TABLE 3 (Continued)

WS	435 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 434 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 433 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 432	395 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 393 (M <sup>+</sup> )	427 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 425 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 394	431 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 429 (M <sup>+</sup> ) 400	405 (M+) 374
I.R./ cm <sup>-1</sup>	1610, 1515, 1450 1415, 1335, 1110	1605, 1560, 1495 1400, 1380	3435, 1610, 1560 1460, 1210	3435, 1600, 1550, 1500, 1420, 1250	3440, 1690, 1600 1510, 1420, 1240
Д• <b>/</b> •С	243–244,5	204-205,5	199,5201	201202	274–275,5
ű	8-01, 7-01	7-CI.	6-CI, 7-CI	7-61, 10-10,	I
£.	Ι	I	Ι	Ι	4-C00H
æ	3-CF,	2-CH <sub>3</sub>	2-0CH <sub>3</sub> , 5-0CH <sub>3</sub>	2-0CH <sub>3</sub> , 5-Cl	2-0CH,, 5-CI
Compound No.	(152)	(149)	(150)	(153)	(202)
Example	105	108	107	108	109

**5** .

10

Pharmacological tests:

Artery blood of a rabbit was subjected to centrifugation to obtain platelet rich plasma. To an aliquot of 250  $\mu$ l of the plasma, there was added 5  $\mu$ l of each pharmaceutical solution. After incubation for two minutes, platelet aggregation was induced by adding 3  $\mu g$  of collagen to the mixture. The 5 change in platelet aggregationn was monitored and recorded by means of an aggregometer for 10

The platelet aggregation inhibitory percentage was calculated by the following formula:

Inhibitory percentage = 
$$\frac{T_c - T_e}{T_c} \times 100$$

wherein  $T_c$  is the degree of aggregation when only a solvent is added and  $T_s$  is that when a 10 pharmaceutical solution is added.

Table 4 shows inhibitory percentages at indicated mole concentrations for each compound. As apparently seen from the results, among these compounds, the anilinophthalazine derivatives are generally found to have more potent activity than the phenoxyphthalazine derivatives.

TABLE 4

		Mole cond	centration
Example	Compound No.	3 × 10**	10 4
1	(1)	56.5	33.9
2	(2)	80,6	66.1
3	(3)	100	60,9
4	(4)	100	100
5	(6)	100	100 ·
.6	(9)	76,6	39.1
7	(10)	100	100
8	(12)	100	100
9	· (13)	100	100
10	(14)	100	100
11	(16)	100	38.8
12	(17)	100·	100
13	(18)	100	100
14.	(19)	100	100
15	(23)	65.5	50:9
16	(25)	13.6	-
17	(26)	100	21,1
· 18	(28)	100	100
19	(31)	82.5	24.6
20	(32)	100	45.3
21	(33)	100	100
22	(34)	100	100
. 23	(37)	100	100
24	(43)	100	100
25	(44)	85,5	56.5
26	(42)	100	100
27	(47)	100	100
28	(48)	100	100

TABLE 4 (Continued)

	0	Mole concentration			
Example	Compound No.	3 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> ,	1076		
29	(51)	100	100		
30	(24)	13,4	-		
31	(213)	100	100		
32	(212)	. 100	51 ,3		
33	(214)	100	30.4		
34	(218)	6.38	9.6		
35	(219)	100	100		
36	(227)	73.4	23.8		
37	(228)	100	28.9		
38	(234)	104	_		
39	(236)	100	100		
40	(226)	100	100		
41	(239) .	100	100		
42	(248)	100	25.5		
43	(244)	68 <b>.</b> 4	26.3		
44	(245)	84;1	15.9		
45	(60)	100	100		
46	(63)	100	100		
47	(56)	100	7.6		
. 48	(59)	100 .	100		
49	(64)	100	100		
50	(78)	100	100		
51	(79)	100	100		
<b>52</b> ·	(76)	a. 8E	11.8		
53	(77)	100	100		
54	(80)	100	100		
55	(97)	100	100		
56	. (98)	. 100	100		

TABLE 4 (Continued)

		Mole cond	entration
Example	Compound No.	3 × 10℃	10-6
57	(95)	58.7	15.1
58	(96)	100	9.2
59	(99)	100	100
60	(70)	28.0	23.4
61	(71)	100	26 <i>,</i> 2
62	(68)	55.8	
63	(69)	100	100
64	(72)	100	54:9
65	(85)	30.5	18,3
66	(86)	48.2	25.9
67;	(83)	27.9	
68	(84)	100	100
69	(87)	61.2	35.8
70	(104)	100	66.7
71	(105)	100	74.1
72	(1 02)	100	69.8
73	(103)	100	° 91 <b>.</b> 9 °
. 74	(106)	84.4	50.0
75	(91)	92.6	10.6
76	(92)	29.7	
77	(89)	100	84,9
78	(90)	30.5	11.9
79	(93)	17.7	
80	(110)	12.0	
81	(111)	48.2	36,5
82	(108)	30.5	4.3
83	(109)	100	100
84	(112)	100	100

TABLE 4 (Continued)

			Mole con	centration
Example	Compound No.	10"8	3 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	10-6
85	{ (119) (120)		100	100
86	(121) { (122)		93.1	34:5
87	{-(115) (116)		100	100
88	{ (117) (118)		100	100
89	(123) { (124)	·	100	100
90	(125)			100
91	(130)	:-		100
92	(131)			100 .
93	(127)		100	23.1
94	(128)			100
95	(132)	٠		100
96	(138)	•		9,1
· 97	(141)	10.7		
98	(142)	46.3		
103	(145)			8.9
104	(151)	13.3		
105	(152)	•	100	15,2
107	(150)	15,8		
108	(153)	27,5		

Safety

Each of the compounds according to the present invention was found to be very low in toxicity, namely not less than 5000 mg/Kg in terms of  $LD_{50}$  as measured by oral administration for mouse.

<sup>1.</sup> A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative represented by the following formula or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

10

15

25

30

35

15

20

25

$$(R^{2})_{m}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 6 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ NH \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$$

wherein X stands for NH or O; R¹ an alkyl group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, a halogen atom, an alkoxycarbonyl group having 2 to 6 total carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, an alkylcarbonyl group having 2 to 4 total carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group or a trifluoromethyl group; R² and R³, which may be identical or different (may also be the same as or different from R¹), each represent an alkyl group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, a halogen atom, an alkoxycarbonyl group having 2 to 6 total carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, an alkylcarbonyl group having 2 to 4 total carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group or a trifluoropmethyl group; and each of I, m and n is an integer of zero to 3 (provided that I=1 to 3 and 10 m=n=zero when X is 0, and the case where I=m=n=zero is excluded when X is NH), each plural number of R¹, R² and R³ being identical or different when the integers I, m and n are two or more,

2. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 1, wherein X is NH.

3. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 2, wherein I, m and n are one combination selected from the following combinations (1) to (4):

(1) i=1 to 3, m=n=zero;

(2) I=1 to 2, m=1 to 2, n=zero;

(3) I=1 to 2, m=zero, n=1 to 2; and

(4) l=m=zero, n=1 to 2.

4. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 3, wherein I=1 to 3 and m=n=zero.

5. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 3, wherein l=1 to 2, m=1 to 2 and n=zero. 20

6. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 3, wherein I=1 to 2, m=zero and n=1 to 2.

7. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 3, wherein l=m=zero and n=1.

8. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 1, wherein X is O.

9. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 8, wherein I=1 to 3 and m=n=zero.

10. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 9, wherein l=1 to 2.

11. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is an alkyl group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, a halogen atom or a trifluormethyl group.

12. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is an alkyl group having 1 30 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms or a halogen atom.

13. A 4-phenylphthalazine derivative according to Claim 1, wherein R3 is an alkyl group.

14. A process for preparing a 4-phenylphthalazine derivative represented by the following formula:

wherein X stands for NH or O; R¹ an alkyl group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an alkoxyy group
having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, a halogen atom, an alkoxycarbonyl group having 2 to 6 total carbon
atoms, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, an alkylcarbonyl group having 2 to 4 total carbon atoms, a
hydroxyl group or a trifluoromethyl group; R² and R³, which may be identical or different (may also
be the same as or different from R¹), each represent an alkyl group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, an

alkoxy group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, a halogen atom, an alkoxycarbonyl group having 2 to 6 total carbon atoms, a carboxyl group, an alkylcarbonyl group having 2 to 4 total carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group or a trifluoromethyl group; and each of I, m and n is an integer of zero to 3 (provided that I=1 to 3 and m=n=zero when X is O, and the case where I=m=n=zero is excluded when X is NH), each plural number of R¹, R² and R³ being identical or different when the integers I, m and n are two or more,

which comprises allowing a compound of the formula:

$$(R^3)_n$$
  $V$ 

Y represents a halogen atom, a group of the formula: —S(O)<sub>p</sub>—R<sup>4</sup>, in which p=0—2, R<sup>4</sup> is a C<sub>1-5</sub>

alkyl, phenyl or a substituted phenyl or a group of the formula: —OR<sup>5</sup>, in which R<sup>5</sup> is a C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl,

phenyl or a substituted phenyl; R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, m and n have the same meanings as defined above,

to react with a compound of the formula:

wherein X' represents —NH<sub>2</sub> of OH, and R¹ and I have the same meanings as defined above.

15. A process as claimed in Claim 14 and substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to Examples 1 to 109.

16. 4-phenylphthalazine derivatives when prepared by a process as claimed in Claim 14 or 15.

Printed for Her Majesty's Stationery Office by the Courier Press, Learnington Spa, 1981. Published by the Patent Office, 25 Southampton Buildings, London, WC2A 1AY, from which copies may be obtained.

# This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

### **BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES**

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

ט	effects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:
	☐ BLACK BORDERS
	☐ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
	☐ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
	☐ BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
	☐ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
	☐ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
	☐ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
	☐ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
1	REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY
	□ OTHER:

## IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.